

- heights); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pg=60.0 psf (ground snow); Ps=46.2 psf (roof snow); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 3) Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 15.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 46.2 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) As requested, plates have not been designed to provide for placement tolerances or rough handling and erection conditions. It is the responsibility of the fabricator to increase plate sizes to account for these factors.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Ceiling dead load (7.0 psf) on member(s). E-F, H-I, F-H; Wall dead load (7.0 psf) on member(s). E-O, I-N
- 10) Bottom chord live load (30.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. N-O
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2006 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 13) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard